

## "Blood donor health and safety: the point of view of the Italian Blood Donors Associations"

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Alice Simonetti (AVIS)

## Food for thought

- I. The values of donation and the role of donors' organizations
- II. How to protect donor health and safety: context, values and best practices
- III. Conclusions



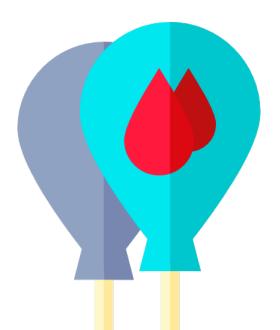
# The values of donation and the role of donors' organizations

#### The act of donation

- Voluntary, anonymous, non-remunerated, regular donors (VNRD) are the "safest" allies for themselves and especially for the patients.
- Donated blood (and plasma) is considered as a **public**, **ethical**, **strategical** and **community good** in order to assure the dignity of the donor and of their donation.
- Donation is an **act of solidarity** for the benefit of others and contributes to social cohesion and **civic engagement**.

## The donor community

- Associations are responsible for the promotion of VNRD, donor recruitment and donor retention (regular donors).
- Associations play a strategic role not only for these major tasks, but also in raising awareness about the importance of voluntary nonremunerated donors in public health systems and in promoting the culture of solidarity and healthy lifestyles.



## Blood donors' Associations in Italy



- CIVIS (AVIS, CRI, FIDAS e FRATRES)
- Law n. 219/2005: recognition and responsabilities
- Blood collection and promotion of VNRD
- Coordinated approach
- The donors' organizations presence is felt across the whole Italian territory

How to protect donor health and safety: context, values and best practices

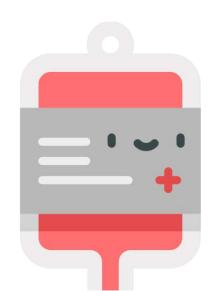
#### What do we mean

- Protecting the right to health of donors and of those who need to undergo transfusion therapy
- Blood donation is indeed a matter of **health** and **human rights**: donor rights and patient rights.
- Before and after donation (also in case of deferral)
- Not just about blood donation (donor HEALTH)



#### Values

- Safe, standardized, evidence-based donation procedures training of professionals
- Common donor selection criteria donor questionnaire
- Information and awareness
- Self-sufficiency plans (on the local and national level) donor call



## Best practices

- Donor welcome at the blood donation center
- Regular call for donation
- Promotion of VNRD (focus on specific targets)
- Donor education (eligibility criteria, healthy lifestyles, disease prevention)
- Donor recognition



## Some examples

- Guidelines on donor welcome, call for donation, VNRD promotion
- Questionnaire about health habits and nutrition
- Information and awareness-raising initiative about sexually trasmitted diseases





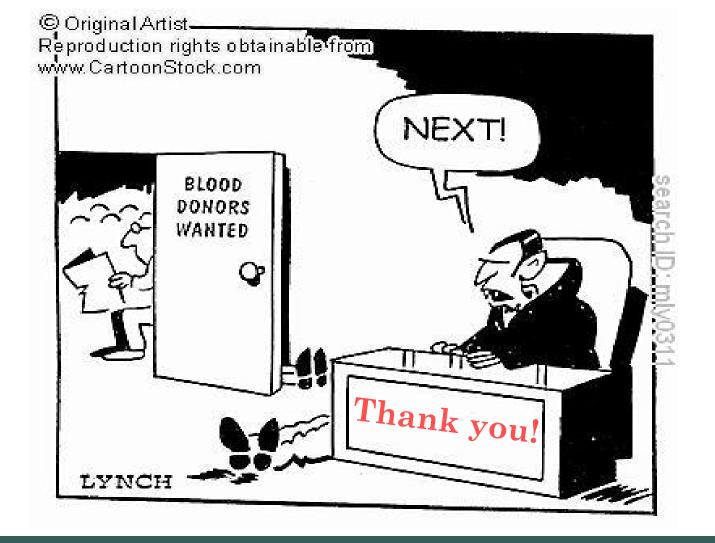


## Conclusions

## Our key messages

- Voluntary, anonymous, non-remunerated, regular and responsible (associated) blood donation is the main instrument to ensure donor health and safety
- Donor education: a well-informed donor is a safe donor (not only about blood donation eligibility criteria, but also about prevention and healthy lifestyles)
- Empowerment of organizations: thanks to their proximity with the donors, donor associations can represent a crucial asset for donor education (in a complementary way to the actions of health authorities)
- Investments on national **self-sufficiency plans** and in the **development of the VNRD culture** (financial and social return): the individual donor will donate what suits the donor and depending which are the needs





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Alice Simonetti (AVIS) – a.simonetti@avis.it

